MORE GOLD EXPORTS AHEAD.

CURRENCY MOVING TO THE INTERIOR.

MONETARY CONDITIONS ASSUME FRESH PROM-

INENCE-A WEAR STOCK MARKET-VARIOUS WALL STREET NOTES.

Discussion of the monetary situation is assurmore prominence in Wall Street circles, and especially among bankers. Stock speculators do not show as much interest in the subject as bank officers, because the prevailing low rates on call money leave the former class easy in mind for the present. the guardians of the big banking institutions of the city have daily drawn to their attention the great suffering through the country on account of the practical paralysis of credit and new enterprises. failures at the West yesterday attracted renewed attention to the position of affairs in that part of the country. Advices from Chicago seemed to indicate the existence of considerable uncasiness, and the banks here made heavy shipments of currency

There has been a pronounced movement of money all this week to interior points. Country banks are still urgent in their requests for rediscounts, but there is also a withdrawal of balances from New-York to the localities where distrust prevails. Heretofore, the country banks have kept their balances in New-York intact, even when utilizing them for rediscounts of commercial paper, but they are now, in numerous instances, asking for actual cash. The calls from Chicago banks involved considerable amounts That city is beginning to feel the reflex action of the heavy fallures recently in the Northwest, and the close business connection between Chleago and Milwaukee rendered the suspension of the Plankin ton Bank, of Milwankee yesterday of importance to the first named city. The situation in Chicago, acthe recent depression in local securities, and the obstacles met in making the World's Fair a success. It could not be learned here how serious might be the consequences of the stoppage of the Plankinton Milwaukee, although some dispatches asseried that the bank had gone into voluntary liquidation, and that depositors would be paid in full. does not appear that New-York interests are seriously affected by the Milwaukee suspension. The Plankinton Bank's correspondent in this city is the National Bank of the Republic, but it was stated at that bank yesterday that the Milwanker institution was not indebted to it. Contrary to common impression, the United States National Bank is not one of the New-York correspondents of the Plankinton Bank. It formerly acted in that capacity, but the relations were terminated about six menths ago. THE LOCAL MONEY MARKET AND THE GOLD MOVEMENT.

Besides the influence of the heavy demand for ac-commodations from interior banks, the local money market, it is feared, may be affected by the outward movement of gold. The shipments to Europe this week have already amounted to \$4,000,000, and yes terday it was announced that one banking house had made arrangements to send \$1,000,000 abroad tomorrow. There has been no decision yet reached by other shippers as to whether they will make further shipments to-morrow. Discount rates in London have fallen below 3 per cent, although the governors of the Bank of England at their weekly meeting made no change in the bank's discount rate, which remains at 4 per cent. The bank's reserve has been raised to an important extent by the gold received from America in the last week, and in consequence some bankers hope that London may not require heavy supplies for present. The unfavorable feature of the strength of the foreign exchanges remains, however, and the precious metal may still be exported at a profit. The scarcity of commercial drafts continues and the persistent sales of American securities by Europe and the heavy importations here of foreign merchandise create a large debt which is little offset by exports of American products. The distrust of political and financial conditions also contributes to The distrust of reduction of foreign capital on deposit here, which adds another element favorable to gold exports, independent of the adverse mercantile and securities balance. While these conditions last, bankers say, no limit may be confidertly put to the outflow of In preparation to meet the foreign demand for gold

Secretary Carlisle has ordered the Assistant Treasurer at Cincinnati to send \$5,000,000 gold coin to the New-York Sub-Treasury. On Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday last week \$1,000,000 was sent each day to New-York, and on Wednesday the fifth instalment of \$1,000,000 was forwarded from Cincinnati. This movement simply transfers gold from one Sub-Treasury to another, and affords no gain to the net gold balance in the National Treasury, which promises this week to be drawn down below \$90,000,000. The general needs of the banks are such that the Treasury gaining little gold from them through the exchange of legal tenders. The amount of legal tenders in the ary is now so small that its others are debarred from obtaining gold reinforcements from the banks through sheer inability to give legal tenders in exchange.

THE COURSE OF THE STOCK MARKET The stock market at the stock Exchange yesterday was less active than on Wednesday, but a gloomy feeling prevailed, resulting in important declines. The rally of the previous day ceased when the bears" stopped covering shorts, and on comparatively light offerings prices crumbled away. Western Grangers with some freedom. The market showed little resisting power, and near the close there was a general selling movement for both accounts. Chicage, Milwaukee and St. Paul was the most active stock, and the price declined from 69 1-4 to 67 5-56 Atchison fell from 261-8 to 243-4#247-8 Rock Island fell from 73 to 71 7-8 272; Chicago and Northwestern from 108 1-4 to 106 3-4@107 1-4, and Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha from 41 1-4 to 39 7-8. Chicago, Burlintgon and Quincy dropped There is said to be a large short interest in this stock, represented by sales of the new stock which will not be delivered for another month to subscribers to the

recent new stock issue.

On moderate sales Missouri Pacific opened 3-6 per cent lower at 37 3-4 and further declined to 35 5-8. Other Gould stocks were not notably weak, but Manhattan Railway fell 1 1-8 per cent and Western Union sold from 83 3.8 to 81 3.4 a.82 1.8. Northern Pacific preferred was weak, declining to 33 7.8 a.34 1.8. against 36 1-8 on Wednesday night. There was no nows to explain the depression, but the delay in eting the details of the subscription to the lard plan for funding the floating debt is exciting some suspicion that the scheme may not be making the progress predicted for it. Some brokers say that Northern Pucific is selling "ex-Villard," but there is no indication that Mr. Villard designs early to put into execution his intention to retire from the company when its floating debt is satisfactorily adjusted Another weak stock was New-York and New-England, which opened up 3-4 per cent at 24 1 4, but steadily receded to 20 5-8221. The friends of the company deny that the floating debt is becoming troublesome and the selling is thought by some observers to b due to the revival of the old Berdell suit on Boston, Hartford and Eric bonds. Union Pacific fell from

Among the so-called trust stocks weakness w prevalent. General Electric's rallying power appeared to be partially exhausted, and after an advance from 73.3-4 to 75.7-8c the price declined to 60.7-8a.70.5-8. The announcement was made semi-officially that th directors of the American Sugar Refining Company would meet on June 13, and declare the usual dividents-3 per cent quarterly on the common and 1 3 per cent on the preferred stock. Notwitustanding the price fell from 85 1-42 s0 1-4 to 86 1-42 861-2. Chicago Gas declined from 735-8 to 7112@ 72. American Cotton Off fell 1 3-4 per cent and National Lead sold at 31@20. National Cordage The exception in this group was Distilling and Cattle Feeding stock, which sold at 15 1-2@16 7-8. Western disputches declared that the directors had offered \$1,000,000 6 per cent bonds for the public subscriptions to morrow, but that it was not believed that more than 50 would be realize: for the Issue. A Chicago dispatch said that are for the issue. A Chirago disparent said that autorney there intended to bring a suit for a receiver in behalf of New-York stockholders, having claims of \$700,000. It was reported, however, that some of the New-York sharcholders intended to take steps to prevent the directors from slaughtering the proposed bond issue at such a figure as 50 cents on the dollar.

NATIONAL CORDAGE AFFAIRS. It was said yesterday that an offer had been made in behalf of the National Cordage people to take up part of the paper held by New-York banks on the basis of 30 per cent cash and 70 per cent in notes running 7, 8 and 10 months. The banks of this city hold about \$2,000,000 of Cordage paper, and about \$500,000 has come to light in the hands of

hands in amail towns and handets.

It was said at the National Bank of Deposit yesterday that 650 names of depositors, out of 800, had been secured to the paper asking that the affairs of the bank be wound up without the aid of the courts, by a committee of the trustees. Bank Examiner Kienbell said that he had written to the Controller of the

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND THE SHERMAN

At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday J. Edward Simmons introduced this resolution: Resolved, That it is the opinion of this Chamber that the Sherman Silver law should be repealed by Congress at the carliest possible date. That it is apparent to all that under the operations of said law great injury is being done to the financial and commercial inte our whole country, and that confidence will not be re-stored until said law is repealed.

Mr. Simmons made a speech in support of the resolution, and the adoption of it was then voted unanimously, with instructions that copies be sent to President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle.

About thirty members of the Chamber were present.

ADMIRAL GHERARDI'S NEW COMMAND.

HE TAKES CHARGE OF THE NAVY YARD-CERE-

MONIES AT RECEIVING HIM. The regulation gan salutes attending the changes of commands of flag officers at the Navy Yard yes terday morning, the parade of officers and marine guards, and the music of bands, furnished a great deal of interest to visitors there. Rear Admiral Bancroff Gherardi, who relinquished the command of the Naval Review fleet on Wednesday, arrived at the Navy Yard promptly at 10:30 o'clock in the full uniform of his rank, and was received by the Marine Guard, under command of Colonel Forney, at the York-st. gate, which escorted him to the Lyceum Building, where nearly all the officers of the station, in dress uniform, were in line. The Navy Yard band played "Hall to the Chief," as the Admiral Commodore Erben received Admiral Gherardi in front of the commandant's office, and then began the salute of eleven guns by the battery Cob Dock, the Commodore's pennant being hauled down from the flagstaff of the receiving ship Verment at the last gun.

The new commandant, on the arm of Commodor Erben, the retiring commandant, went to his office. where he was introduced to Captain Rollo, of the Italian warship Giovanni Bansan; Captain J. N. Miller, Vermont: Captain T. F. Kane, executive officer of the yard, and the officers of the station who assembled to greet their new commander. In the interval Admiral Gherardi's pennant was hoisted on Vermont, with a salute of thirteen guns, the San Francisco firing a complimentary salute immediately afterward. At the same time Rear Admiral A. Benham hauled down the blue pennant of seniority and hoisted the red pennant in its pla on the san Francisco. Commodore Ecben transferred the command of the station to Admiral Gherardi in a few words, and the latter responded pleusantly.
At noon Commodore Erben was escented by the hand and marine guard to the cruiser Chicago, where he was received by the officers and crew, and after he had read his orders as "Acting Rear-Admiral in command of the European Squadron," his pennant or white one, because of being junior flag officer) was holsted at the fore.

TO TEST THE NEW GUNBOAT MACHIAS.

Washington, June 1.- The trial of the new gunboa Machias will take place in Long Island Sound on June 6. The tugs Fortune, Leyden and Nina have ordered to report at New-London on the 5th to take their places on the trial course and mark distances and gather tidal data. The trial board will consist of Admiral Belknap, Captain Reamey, Commander Cooper, Lieutenant-Commander Hemphill and Lieutenant Reamey, as recorder. The engineer force will consist of Chief Engineers Heaton, Reolker and of Superintendent Patrick Campbell, Inspected the Main, and a corps of assistants.

There is no fear of the lack of water on the surse, as was the case with the Detroit, a larger vessel, but the course may be shortened from thirtysix to twenty eight knots in order that the trial sh not occupy more than five hours. The Machias is required to make thirteen knots an hour. She is of 1,000 tons displacement, and the naval engineers are confident that she will more than realize the speed demanded. As she is the first of the new Navy to be constructed in Maine, the builders are making all necessary preparations in order that she shall prove a credit to the State.

Because of the foul condition of the Vesuvius, the Navy Department has abandoned the intention of serging her around from New-York to the mouth of the St. Lawrence to convoy the caravels, and she will be docked at the Portsmouth (N. H.) Navy Yard.

A COURT-MARTIAL TRIAL FINISHED

The court martial which has been in session in of F. S. Sheppard, carpenter, on the charge of drunkenness, finished the case yesterday afternoon. Sheppard said that he left the ship about 3 o'clock in the afternoon and went to dipe with a friend; when he went to bed he had a bad pain in his side and his friend gave him two pills, which he took. In the morning he went back to the ship, but while he was on the elevated train the joliting of the car brought back the pain, and just before he took the boat to go en board the ship he took two pills containing morphia. After that he does not refinember what the Navy Yard for several days, engaged in the trial rphia. After that he does not remember what was passing or any he did, excepting a slight recollection that Lieutenant Commander Logan told him to go to his room.

An article published yesterday said that there was general disaffection among the officers of the Philadelphia against their commander, Captain Barker Captain Barker and Engineer Beach desied emphati-Capinan Barner and Expiner near demand emphatically that there was the sleep strong and the trial 20 Taresday was that he had to take his tour of duty on the ship. It was also said that Sieppard had not been punished on beard the ship. In regard to Capiain Barker's denying the junior officers the privilege of smoling in their room, that is prohibited by the Navy Regulations.

CADETS ON THE RACK.

ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS BEGUN IN THE WEST POINT MILITARY ACADEMY.

West Point, N. Y., June 1 (Special) .- A salute of twenty-one guns was fired to-day in honor of the Board of Visitors, which organized and began its duties. The first and second classes were examined place on the plain this afternoon, which was wit essed by a large number of people. rapidly filling up with visitors. A party of Phila-delphians came here to-day in the private car of A. J. Cassatt to witness the graduation exercises.

The Academic Board of Examination is divided into two committees. The first committee is composed of the professor of natural and experimental philoso phy, the professor of mathematics, the profes civil and military engineering, the professor of law and the instructor of practical military engineering. The second committee includes the professor of draw ing, the professor of chemistry, mineralogy and geology, the professor of history, geography and ethics the commandant of cadets, the professor of modern languages and the instructor in ordnance and gun nery. First Lieutenant George F. Barney, 2d Artillery, has been appointed secretary of the first committee, and First Lieutenant Cecil Stewart, 4th Cavalry, secretary of the second committee.

The programme of military exercises during the examination is as follows: June 1-Escort of the colors and review in afternoon by the Board of Visitors. June 2-Firing at target on side of Cro' Nest from sea coast battery; heavy artillery drill in the afternoon. June 3-Cavalry drill and exhibi-tions of charges and sabre exercises. June 5-Exertions of charges an indicated military engineering, small arms, military bridge construction and pontion bridge building. June 6-8chool of the trooper, cavalry drill review. June 7-14ght battery and field artifler; drill; at 8 p. m. in the gymnasium an exhibition of the use of the sword and bayonet, and military gymnastics. June 8-Eattalion drill; and review; June 9-Company compettive drill in the morning; drill in extended order in the afternoon; at 8 p. m. the slege mortars will begin shelling old Cro' Nest, the firing to be continued for an hour. This will end the field exercises. The first class will receive their diplomas from the Secretary of War.

UNITED AFTER HALF A CENTURY.

Waterville, Me., June 1 (Special).-There is an old man living here named James B. Wendell. Fifty years ago his wife died leaving a daughter and four-year-old boy. His father sent the boy to his relatives in Massachusetts to care for. In 1861 the It was supposed that he was killed in lattle and his name was so published and the report sent to his father. Instead of being killed he was captured and put in Libby Prison. After the war he was released and came North, when he was told that his father was dead. Having no interests in Waterville he did not return here, but lived in Massachusetts. Recently the old man's daughter saw a notice in a paper the James C. Wendell had received a pension. Si immediately wrote to the United States Pension Office Receiving word that the man lived in Weymouth Mass., she wrote there and it proved to be the lost son and brother. The man immediately took the train for Waterville and the family are united once more after fifty years of separation.

CHEERED BY THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE AS THEY MARCH ALONG.

THEY MAKE A FINE APPEARANCE-REVIEWED BY THE MAYOR, POLICE COMMISSIONER

AND OTHER CITY OFFICIALS.

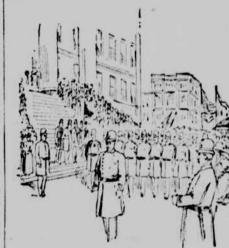
Brooklyn's police protectors to the number of about 1,000 had their annual parade yesterday ranks of spectators stretching fully three miles on of the line of march. A fine appearance was made by the men under the respective precinct captains, in twenty-four companies, divided into three battalions, each commanded by an inspector, and pre-ceded by the Mayor, Police Commissioner and Superintendent of Police in carriages. These and other officials reviewed the ranks as they marched past the



City Hall at 5:15 p. m., where a great crowd of ing and around City Hall Park to see the blue-coated guardians of the peace.

The men from the various precincts began to mus ter in Bedford-ave., in the Eastern District, early in the afternoon. They were their dress uniforms of dark blue and light felt helmets and white gloves. At 3 p. m. the ranks were formed in Bedford-ave. from Hooper-st. to Clymer-st. The three mounted squads, numbering sixty men, were ranged opposite the flower garden of F. W. Cochen. The first battalion, nnder Inspector P. H. McLaughlin, was drawn up opposite the Hanover Clubbouse, at Rodney-st. second battallon, under Inspector John MacKellar, stood in front of St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church, at Wilson st. The third battation, commanded by Inspector Edward Rellly, was ranged opposite the First Reformed Church, at Clymer st. The three battalions were headed respectively by the 7th Regiment, 23d Regiment and Conterno's bands.

shortly after 3 o'clock Mayor Boody and Police Commissioner Hayden drove up, and, under guidance who stood at "open order" while the officials passed up and down the lines. After the inspection the orders to march were given, and the parade started on its way to the City Hall. When the



those on the sidewalks or on doorsteps they broke or in applause. The men bore themselves in a dignities manner, with few exceptions. The mounted mer especially made a fine appearance. Inspector Mc

The route of the parade was in Bedford and Lafay ette aves., Schermerhorn, Clinton and Remsen sts. to the City Hall. The Mayor, Police Commissione and other heads of city departments, several Aldermen and minor officials were upon the steps in front of the City Hall in a space roped off for them, opposite the statue of Henry Ward Beecher, and saw the miniature blue-coated army pass under review. The order of the parade was as follows:

First Squad Mounted Police,
Sergeant Johnson commanding.
Second Squal Mounted Police,
Sergeant Coles commanding.
Third Squad Mounted Police,
Sergeant Ernhess commanding.
Superintendent Patfick Campbell in carriage and staff of

FIRST BATTALION. Inspector P. H. M. Laughlin commanding.

Irat Company, Captain W. J. Kelvey, S. cond Company,
Captain P. H. Leavey, Third company, Captain MartiShort, Fourth Company, Captain Thomas, Mofphy
Pitth Conpany, Captain James Emils, Sixth Company,
Captain Jahn W. Eason: Seventh Company, Captain
John Breiman, Eligith Company, Captain Edwin Dwyer
There patted wagons,
230 Regiment Band.

Inspector John Mackellar, commanding,
irst Company, Captain James Campbell; Second Company, Captain Francis Early; Third Company, Captain Dennis Driscoll; Fourth Company, Captain Thomas L.
Druhan; Fifth Company, Captain Henry French; Sixth Company, Captain Struck, Martin; Seventh Company, Captain James Renny, Eighth Company, Sergeant Brown.

Three patrol wagons.
Conterno's Band.
THIRD BATTALION. THIRD BATTALION.

Inspector Edward Relly commanding.

Trat Company, Captain George R, Rhodes: Second Company, Captain William H, Kitzer; Third Company, Captain James Dunn; Footh Company, Captain Huch F, Gorman; Fifth Company, Captain Maked Campbell: Sixth Company, Captain Samuel Hardy; Seventh Company, Captain Samuel Hardy; Seventh Company, Captain Thomas Cullen; Eighth Company, Sergeant Hamilton.

Three patrol wagons. Police Superintendent Campbell's health would not permit him to undergo the fatigue of the long march which he has taken in former years.

ATTENDING TO THE CITY'S FINANCES.

Attorney-General Rosendale and State Controlle: ampbell went before the Board of Estimate at the Mayor's office yesterday and acknowledged on th part of the State authorities the agreement made by the Commissioners of Emigration to sell Ward's Island to the city for 1,000,000. The board ordered the issue of 3 per cent bonds to the amount named. The Washington Eridge Commission, whose powers and duties ended long ago, asked for \$3,500 to pay the salaries of a secretary, engineer, clerks, declared useless by the board on several occa-If the money were granted the commission offered once more to go out of business. The Controller was asked to examine into the status of this interesting body.

The Rapid Transit Commission made another claim for salaries and contingent expenses amounting to \$2,400 for April and May, 1893. The members of the board cast freezing glances at the bill. The application was laid over.

Upon the advice of General Louis Fitzgerald the board agreed to pay the bills of the Brooklyn bands for music furnished during the Columbian celebration

in October last. examined the school appropriations, and had found no item from which a transfer could be made to meet the \$46,000 deficiency in teachers' salaries. The deficiency was due to the neglect of the Board of Education to include in its estimate the salaries of adopted which the Controller offered requisting that board to practise strict economy for the year in other directions so as to accumulate a surplus

Currency on the matter and expected an answer in a BROOKLYN'S POLICE PARADE. until January. The subject was referred back to day or two.

CITY INSTITUTIONS DENOUNCED.

THE MAY GRAND JURY'S PRESENTMENT RE-GARDING BLACKWELL'S AND RAN-DALL'S ISLANDS.

The May Grand Jurors yesterday made a present ment in which they strongly criticised the condition of the buildings on Blackwell's and Randall's Islands. They pronounced the asylum for female lunatics a disgrace to the city. There are," the presentment says, "more than

two thousand patients crowded into buildings the utmost capacity of which should be considered as ertainly not over twelve hundred and in some roomthere are seven cots, and many of the hallways have cots in them. The cots in nearly all of the rooms are placed so close to each other that there is no space for an attendant to pass between. The numero pavilions were erected about thirty years ago, and were intended to be merely temporary structures. The condition of the pavilions now is horrible. It is appalling to the heart and insulting to the pride of the decent citizen. The sides of some of the pavilions have to be propped up to keep them from alling. The beams are rotten and the floors unsafe to walk upon. The roofs are shingled, with here and there a patch of terpaper, and when it rains the patients have to be moved about in order to keep them dry. There is imminent danger of these structures falling and maining or killing the unfortunate creatures who are there through no fault

"The Grand Jury makes this presentment not with much hope that any good will come of it, but because sworn to do their duty, and because they know that they would not be true to themselves and to the public if they left unpresented the facts herein

The presentment is the result of a visit which the members of the Grand Jury made to the public insti-tutions a few days ago. Charles F. Imbrie is fore-man of the Grand Jury.

THEY WANT A RECEIVER NOW.

APPLICATION OF THE DOMESTIC SEWING MA-CHINE COMPANY PEOPLE.

Application has been made at Newark for the appointment of receivers for the Domestic Sewing Machine Company and the Domes le Manufacturing Company. Two bills in equity have been filed asking the appointment of receivers, and Vice-Chancellor Van Fleet has granted an order to show cause, returnable at 10 a. m. to-day, why the petitions should not be granted. The officials desire the appointment of receivers so that the interests of all concerned can be protected and that the lusiness may go on. as the company is said to be 2,000 machines behind orders, is making 200 machines a day, and employs not hands with a payroll of \$10,000 a week,

The Third National Bank of New-York holds a blanket mortgage on the plant of the Domestic Manufacturing Company in Newark. Up to two years ago the bank had carried large amounts of the Domestic Company's paper, but when the new management, under the present president, A. B. Hepburn, came in, it was decided that these loans should be called in. In closing up the account the bank the cause in the company for \$150,000 on the factory and plant at Newark. It has since been reduced to \$120,000. Wr. Hepburn says that the bank does not now hold any poper of either the Lamestic Sewing Machine Company or the Tomestic Manufacturing Company and feels that the motigage is ample security for the \$120,000 indebted-

A DESPERATE DUEL WITH ONIONS.

RIVAL SAILORS FROM THE PARIS AND CAM-PANIA FIGHT FOR THE HONOR OF THEIR SHIPS.

Two sailors, Thomas Doyle, of the Campania, and John Wright, of the Paris, who live in Liverpool, were prisoners in the Jefferson Market Police Court resterday, charged by Policeman Alexander Kirk, of the Prince st. station, with disorderly conduct. The two men were out together Wednesday night, and after drinking somewhat freely, began a dispute over he relative merits of the ships on which they serve Doyle insisted that the Campania was a superior ship to the American liner, while Wright "stood up" for

The men arraed and wrangled over the question a long time, finally deciding that the only way to settle it was to fight. Getting a third man from the

The negotiations for the consolidation of "The urnal of Commerce" and "The Commercial Bulletin' re practically completed. New offices have been leased at No. 19 Peaverst, running through to No. 64 Broadway. "The Journal of Commerce" is much the older paper of the two. It was established to 1820 by Arthur Tappen, and a year later went under In 1846 David M. Stone, then an employe, became prominent, and in 1859 Messrs, Stone and Halleck sammed the control. In 1866 the paper became a opporation, the charter of which expired last year. "The Commercial Bulletin" has been in existence since 1805. In 1870 if passed under the control of Will-iam Bodsworth.

A FIRM HAS ITS MEXICAN AGENT ARRESTED. F. W. Bawden, a passenger on the steamship Yumurl, of the Word Line, from Mexico, was arrested on the arrival of that vessel on Wednesday, charged with swindling the Repunno Chemical Company of Delaware, which has an office at Cortlandt and Church sts., in this city, out of dynamite, caps and fuse worth \$9,000. In default of \$2,500 ball the pris oner was locked up in Ludlow Street Jail. Bawde was agent of the Delaware company at Pachuca, Mex. He is charged with selling material and converting the proceeds to his own use. He was on his way to England when arrested.

THE WOMEN ARE NOW DOCTORS.

A group of two dozen young women, dressed in ops and gowns, sat on the stage of the Berkeley Lyceum last evening, and received the homage of heir numerous friends who filled the pretty theatre They were the newly made physicians, the class of '93 of the Woman's Medical College of the York Infirmary. In the absence of President Robert Haydock, Robert W. De Forest conferred the degrees, and the Rev. Dr. William H. Vibbert made an addre-lor. Mary Taylor Bissell made the address for t faculty.

NOT SO BENEVOLENT AS HE LOOKS.

One of District-Attorney Nicell's assistants re marked yesterday as a group of persons stood at the bar of the General Sessions before Judge Fitzgerald "Who is that benevolent-looking old gentleman who is standing near the prisoners! I suppose he is some friend of one of them, but he looks out o place in this court-room." The elderly man referred to was not a visitor, but a prisoner, and is known to the police as "Tip Little," general crook and pick pocket. His picture is No. 3 in the Rogues' Gallery His four companions were young men, who had been arrested with him while in the act of committing a 166 Bleeckerst, on the night of May 5. The elderly man, who said that his name was Henry Osgood, was on the lookout while his companions went into the store. They all pleaded guilty a few days ago, and yester

day Judge Fitzgerald sentenced Osgood and one of day Junge Pitzgerau sentence Osgood and one of his companions, John Kiley, who is also an ex-convict, to the State Prison for five years and six months. Daniel F. Kennedy, one of the men who had not been in prison before, was sent to the Elmira Reformatory. The others were remanded for

GROWTH OF THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC IN THE CITY

The Excise Commissioners asked the Board of Estinate yesterday for \$168,000 for the running expense for the year beginning May 1, 1893. It is \$32,400 in excess of last year's allowance. W. S. Andrews, president of the Excise Board, thought that the in crease was justified by the receipts from licenses this year, which are \$66,000 over the preceding year. Next year, he said, the increase would be \$100,000. This would seem to indicate that the volume of the rum traffic in New-York is increasing with startling rapidity.

The Board examined the items and agreed to allow a total of \$150,680 or \$14,480 over last year. The a total of \$150,080 or \$14,490 over last year. I additions are caused by increases of salaries to a Excise Board's employes, and by the creation of a citenal places. Among the latter were nine in hispacions. The total receipts from licenses for year ending May 1 last, were \$1,580,025, or 250 pent over the receipts of seven years ago.

MRS. CHASE AGAIN TESTIFIES.

THE EVIDENCE IN HER CASE FINISHED-TO SUM UP TO-DAY.

The taking of evidence in the case of Dr. Sara B. Chase, who is on trial before Judge Martine and a jury for manslaughter in causing the death of Marwill go to the jury this afternoon. Mrs. Chase was again on the witness stand for nearly two hours, and Assistant District-Attorney Davis continued his crossexamination, asking her about her experiences in the different places at which she had lived in this city. she declared that she was not dispossessed from some of the houses on account of her business. She said that Mrs. Annie Ingram, of Philadelphia, had rented a flat near one of the houses in which she had lived, and took the lease in Mrs. Chase's name. Mr. Davis asked: "Don't you know that Mrs. Ingram was convicted in this court ?"

The witness answered: "No, I don't know anything about it. Do you know it ?" "Oh, yes," said Mr. Davis, blandly, "I convicted

her." "Oh, I beg your pardon," said the witness. Mrs. Chase denied that any other woman had died in her house under circumstances similar to these in the case of Margaret Manzoni. She admitted treating Rose Charlier, who died in Wyckoff, N. J., under suspicious circumstances.

Dr. William M. McLaury, of No. 242 West Fortythird-st., was the only witness except Mrs. Chase He is an elderly, gray-bearded physician. He said that Mrs. Chase called him to consult in reference to the young woman, and told him the facts about her. The witness decided that she was suffering from the grip and pneumonia. said that he saw nothing resembling blood-pcisoning in the girl's symptoms. Assistant District-Attorney

Davis succeeded on cross-examination in obtaining the admission from the witness that he would not have pursued any such course as that adopted by Mrs. Chase in treating the young woman.

Dr. Cruikshank was called for a moment to the witness stand by Mr. Davis to contradict some testimony of Mrs. Chase. The evidence was then complete on both sides, and Mr. P. necost, the defendant's counsel, said that he would occupy only an hour or two of the morning session in summing up for his cilient.

A KANGAROO BOXING AND BOXED.

THE UNUSUAL PUGILISTIC CONTEST AT THE GARDEN VESTERDAY. A most remarkable exhibition of puglism was given

at the Madison Square Garden yesterday afternoon before a small company of lavited guests. Three rounds were fought between "Big Frank" and "Tom" Tully, otherwise known as "Black Jack," Jack" is a California man who is said to be celebrated as a paglist, and "Big Frank" is a kangaroo Frank is a five-year-old; Jack is considerably older and also heavier. He looks stronger too, Frank's arms being no larger than a small child's, but Frank is more vicious and less careful about observing the Sometimes one of them is taller and some times the other. Frank is the taller when he careto be, and when he is less particular about it he is not so tall. Frank's mother was sent from Austrella to a metagerie in England. When she had been there for some time Frank was discovered in her pouch. Soon after that the mother died. Frank wa brought up by hand, like Plp, and like him aslo he proved something of a fighter. In his extreme youth played with the children in an acrebatic way and then his managers, thicking his talents might be turned to some account, had him taught to box. Having beaten everybody who would fight with olm in England, with three exceptions which will be mentioned presently, he has now come to this country for more conquests. Frank was not in so good condition yesterday as

his antagenist, as he had been in a small box for about two weeks and had lacked proper exercise. The stage was arranged like an ordinary prize ring Frank's manager made some explanations, in substance like those already given here, and then the contest began. Both the kangaroo and the man were soft glaves. The man seemed timld and seldom hit hard. Frank struck out well but showed a tendency to grapple. He also had a trick of standing up on the end of his tall and striking with both hands and both feet at the same time. This is a thing that his antagonists are expected to get used to and not to complain about. At the end of the round the manager, who acted as referee and also as second for both fighters, fanned the kangaroo's face with a tow-1. Frank seemed grateral and was disposed to employ the interval and improve his training by bexing with the referce. He was restrained in this and the second round was fought. Time was called again and the kangaroo and the man took their corners without any definite result. The third round was ended by the kongaroo knocking the man down. was then declared the winner and was put back into After the fight some remarkable steries were teld

After the fight some remarkable steries were teld about Frank's previous exploits. It seems that he has had abactean recognized contests, of which he was statem. In his great fight with "the Man chester scorpion" he was declared to be beaten, but his friends always asserted that the backers of "the scorpion" pressed into the ring and got in his way. He was beaten again by "the Birmingham Susher." when he was not in good condition. His triends denied the charge that he had been drinking too anich, declaring that all be druck duty into him and besides that he did not drink anything. His battle with a the Crosscountry Jovelpusher' was a draw after thirty four rounds. Frank has appeared in various London music halls and will be seen in pullic in New-York if he can get a good engagement.

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

BAILROAD RATE QUESTIONS DISCU SED. A well-attended meeting of the trunk line executive committee was held vesterday. Among the subjects considered were the recommendations of the freight committee for retrenchments in terminal expenses the action of the managers of the lake lines in restamending a change in New-England grain rates cas of Buffalo, and the award of percentages on trunline freight tonnage. No decision was reached, and there will be another meeting to-day.

REGREANIZATION CERTIFICATES LISTED. The Governing Committee of the stock Exchange resterday admitted to dealings the reorganization cor difficates issued by Drexel, Morgan & Co. as depos-taries of the Richmond Terminal collateral trust and 5 per cent bonds and the preferred and common

CANADIAN PACIFIC EXTENSION.

St. Paul, June 1 (Special).—E. G. Shanghnessy, vice-president of the Canadian Pacific, says: "We expect to complete our line from Vancouver to St Paul by August 1. We shall make the run in less than seventy hours, and expect to develop a large business, as the line will be first class in every respect. We will build Grough the Crow's Nest Pass, but that will be later on."

W. E. D. STOKES'S PLEA OF NOT GUILTY. Ellhu Root, A. Oakey Hall and George H. Adam

he counsel for William E. D. Stokes and W. R. Martin who are accused of criminal libel on the complaint of Edward S. Stokes, appeared before Judge Cowing yesterday, in the Court of General Sessions, and er tered a plea of not guilty, on behalf of their clients The lawyers reserved the right, however, to ask for a reargument of the demurrer to the indictment on which Judge Cowing decided against them a few

CLOSING EXERCISES OF THE YALE ART SCHOOL New-Haven, Conn., June 1.-The second depurment of Yale University to close the present colleg year is the Art School. Its exercises took place to day in the Art School building. The work of members of the school is this year unusually fine, the walls of the work room being covered with paritorious specimen of efficiency of the pupils. The painting recently presented to the school by Joseph Jefferson, the actor, was exhibited in the art gallery. The lecture at 3 o'clock was delivered by W. Lewis Frasar, manage of the art department of "The Century Magazine, who chose for his topic, "Pencil and Graver in American Books for Two Hundred Years." present year has been the most prosperous in the history of the school. The total number of students taking courses there is 238. Of these, only thirtyone pursued the art course exclusively, 207 being members of the undergraduate department electing courses in art. The following award of prizes was announced: Special prize for drawing from the antique, given by a friend of the school, to Robert II. antique, given by a free special prize in composition, given by the school, to Miss Mabel McIntosh, of New Haven; the Ethel Child Walker prize for general excellence in work to Harvy Lee Barker, of Hartford, with honorable mention of William M. Burger, of Endergone.

TO PREVENT DISCRIMINATION BY BARBERS. Boston, June 1.-The House to-day passed a bill providing against discrimination by barbers on a count of race and color. The presentation of the bill in me House was caused by the treatment re-ceived in a Cambridge barbershop by Lewis, the Harvard student, whom barbers refused to shave on account of his color.

Twin Remedies

Buffalo Lithia Water

Hot Springs Water

Uric Acid Diathesis, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Rheumatism; their Value in Calculi

Dr. Algernon S. Garnett, Surgeon (retired) U. 8 eian, Hot Springs, Ark., says:-"My experience in the use of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is limited to tas treatment of Gout, Rheumatism and that hybrid diese, Rheumatic Gout' (so-called), which is in contradistinction to the Rhuematoid Arthritis of Garrod.

"I have had excellent (souths from this Water in these affections, both in my own person and in the treatment of patients for whom I have prescribed it; the requiral agent is its contained Alkalies.

Of course, the remedial agent is its contained Alkalies and their solvent projecties. Hence it is a prophylactic as well as a remedy in Nephritic Colle and forming Calculf, when due to a re-

dundancy of Lithic Acid." Professor of Anatomy and Materia
Dr. Wm. B. Towles. Medica in the Medical Departmen of the University of Virginia, former Resident Physician

Hot Springs, Va., says:
"I feel no hesitancy whatever in saying that in Gout,
Rheumatic Gout, Rheumatism, Stone in the Bladder, and
in all Diseases of Uric Acid Diathesis, I know of no remedy as all comparable to BUFFALO LITHIA WATER.

"Its effects are marked in causing a disappearance of
Albumen from the urine. In a single case of Bright's
Disease of the Kidneys I witnessed decided beneficial results from its use, and from its action to this
case I should have great confidence in it as a remedy in
certain stages of this disease." remedy at all comparable to BUFFALO LITHIA WATER.

certain stages of this disease." The late Dr. Wm. F. Carrington, Reserve Physic Springs, Ark, Surgeon (retired) U.S., Nary, angs. BUFFALO LITHIA WATER, Spring No. 2, has sizeally demon-strated its remedial power in Gout, Rheumatis Gout, Rheumatism, Uric Acid Gravel, and other moladies de-

pendent upon the Uric Acid Dathesis.

"It not only climinates from the blood the delictrious agent before it crystallizes, but dissolves it in the form of Calculi, at least to a size that readers to passage along its urreters and urethra comparatively case. end twenty cases No. 2. Dr. T. B. Buchanan,

Res dent Physician, Hot Springs

Arhansas, says: - Send me

Rve cases BUFFALO LITHIA WATER, Spring No. 2.

I have made use of tols water for Gout in my own per-son and prescribed it for potients similarly suffering, with the most decided beneficial results. I tax: great pleasure in advising Gouty patients to these Springs." Water for sale by all druggists.

Hotel at Buffalo Lithia Springs open

June 1. Pamphlet sent to any ad-THOMAS F. GOODE. Buffalo Lithia Springs.

Virginia.

FOR MODERATION IN DRINKING.

OLIVER SUMNER TEALL TO GET CLUB MEN TO SIGN A PLEDGE.

Oliver Summer Teall is about to turn a portion of is energies to the cause of temperance, his watch word to be not total abstinence, but moderation. He intends to secure the names of 5,000 men, principally club men, to a pledge that, when the full 5,000 are will neither treat others nor be treated to any spirituous liquors. In furtherance of he cause he has prepared an appeal to the public, which begins with this averment: "Drinking over a bar is the curse of our country, and the American custom of treating has made thousands and thousands of drunkards."

"We, the undersigned, hereby pledge ourselves not o treat others or to be freated ourselves to any piritnons liquors; provided, however, that this pledge not to apply to liquors furnished with meals or in our own homes, or on special occasions when all of a party are our invited guests, and provided also that this pledge does not go into effect and it has been signed by 5,000 reshemts of the city of New-York, and is to remain thereafter in force for only one

year."

Mr. Teali cálls attention to the fact that in other countries it is usual for each man to pay for what he arines, and that it would be financially and physically a benefit if the custom could be introduced here.

Supreme Court-Chambers-Before A drews, J.-Motion aloctor called at 11 o'clock.

Supreme Court-Chambers-Before A drews, J.-Motion aloctor called at 11 o'clock.

Supreme Court-Special Term-Part 1-Adjourned until fune 5.

Supreme Court-Special Terms-Part 1. truit Court-Pare 1, 11, 111 and IV-Adjourned for the utt Court—Pars 1, 11, 111 and IV—Adjourned for the term.

Sur o at 5, Court—Tra T rm—No calcudar.

Sur o at 5, Court—Tra T rm—No calcudar.

Sur o at 5, Court—Tra T rm—No calcudar.

Motion calcudar callet at 10 30 o clock. Estate of Heary

Cone. 10 30 at 7 Estate of Nu ca maints 2:30 p. in.

Cone product Wills of Joseph Schaefer. Ann Hession,

Emily II. E. Roder Famy Hinger Michael Crone.

Elitabeth S. Rodter Marr A. Banks. 10 30 at in.

Courton Pleas—Special Term—Before Duly, C. J.—

Motions.

Court—Special Term—Before McAdam, J.—Nos.

702. 830. Suru—Trial Term—Parts I, II and III—

Superior Court—Trial Term—Parts I, II and III—

Adjourned for the term.

City Court—Special Term—Before Van Wyck, J.—Mo
City Court—Special Term—Before Van Wyck, J.—Mo
City Court—Special Term—Before Van Wyck, J.—Mo
City Court—Trial Term—Before Van Wyck, J.—Mo
City Court—Special Term—Before Van Wyck, J.—Mo
City Court—Trial Term—Before I, II, III and IV—Ad-Clory Court Trial Term Parts I, 11, 111 and IV-Ad-oursed until June 5. Court of General Sessions-Part I-Refore Cowing, I, and Assistant District Atterney Bridley-Nos 1 to 23, metusive.

nebusive.
Court of General Sessions—Part II—Bef re Martine,
L, and Assistant District Attorney Davis—No. 1.
Court of General Sessions—Part III—Before Fitzgerald,
L, and Assistant District Attorney Townsend—No. 1. THROWN FROM A CAB AND INJURED.

Mrs. Catherine Tonnele, sixty years old, the wife of a lawyer living at No. 48 East Sixty eighth-st. vas riding in a cab in Madi on-ave., between Fiftywas riding in a cao in Mioronave, between Phys-fourth and Fifty-fifth sis, yesterday atternoon, when the horse become unmanageable and the vehicle was overturned. Mrs. Tounele was thrown out and her chin was cut severely. She was attended by Dr. Taile, of No. 604 Madison-ave., and was removed to her home.

TWO BOYS BITTEN BY A MAD DOG.

Joseph Gross, thirteen years old, was playing with its Scotch terrier in the hallway of his home, No. 487 Pearl-st., yesterday morning, when the deg acted as if it was mad, and bit him on the wrist. The toy ran out of the house crying and the terrier followed him. A crowd gathered and began to chase and threw stones at the dor. A cry of "mad det" was raised as the dog ran through Centre-st. to Chaphagast and wind the County of the last the last the county of the last the county of the last the county of the last the l Charbers st. and turned into City Hall Pace. John T. Smith, thirteen years old, of No. 44 Ble ckerst, tried to head the terrier off and was bitten on the leg. The terrier was snapping victority at every person who got in its way at that time, and freta was dripping from its month. A street sweeper knocked the dog down with his broom, and several men hit the suffering animal with stones. Policeman Garrison, of the Enzabeth-st, squad, fired four shots at the terrier and successed in killing it.

There was method in the way in which the Hamburg-American steamer Normannia went cast on her last trip over the westward track. The North German Hoyd steamer Ems did not like such a proceeding, and reported the Normannia. When the Normannia reached to the Normanni manula reached Southampton yesterday it was found that she had made the trip from New-York in 6 days, 12 hours and 13 minutes, lowering her own record of 6 days, 15 hours and 40 minutes, and almost equalling the record of the Fuerst Bismarck, which is d days, 11 hours and 50 minutes. The Normannia left New-York on May 25, at 3:52 p. m.

Take the New-York Central's Exposition Flyer to the World's Fair—through in twenty hours. Fare, \$31, including sleeping car; only \$3 in excess of that charged on other Limited trains.